

RP-501 / RP-500

Reduced Pressure Assembly

New Generation Begins...

First All Composite Reduced Pressure Backflow Preventer in The World!

Description:

The Backflow Preventer Series: RP-500, RP-501 are designed to supply maximum protection against backflow caused by Backsiphonage or Backpressure. Backflow may cause infiltration of chemicals, fertilizers and/or other pollutants into potable water systems. The Backflow Preventer is reliable and easily maintained, without the need for special tools.

It is built with two independent, easily replaceable encapsulated spring-loaded check valves. A revolutionary, internal Reduced Pressure Zone, located between the check valves, ensures protection and reliable performance of the relief valve.





RP-500

Lead Free Bronze Shut-Off Valves







Design Innovation New Composite Backflow Technology





Main Features:

USC Listed & Approved!

- Sizes: 3/4", 1",1 1/4", 1 1/2", 2"
- 2 body size platforms [1/2", 3/4" & 1"] & [11/4", 11/2" & 2"]
- Working Pressure: 150 psi & 350 psi High Pressure test
- Temp: 33° to 110° F.
- New Shut-off Valves made from Nylon Composite materials
- Corrosion and Scale resistant
- Internal control system ensures reliability and safety
- Easy and quick installation
- Economical to Service & Low Cost Repair Parts
- Lightweight
- UV resistant
- No lead
- Very Low Friction Loss
- Variety of installation options
- Long working life with easy maintenance

Approval Standards:

Approved by the following Standards Authorities:

ASSE 1013, AWWA C511, NSF61, Watermark (Australia) AS2845.1 Approved by the Foundation for Cross Connection Control and Hydraulic Research at the University of Southern California.







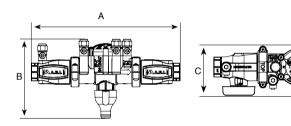






Dimensions & Weights

	Dimensions Inch			Weight
By Models	Α	В	С	Lbs.
RP-501				
Nylon Shut-Off Valve				
3/4"	12.60	6.69	3.94	2.60
1"	14.17	6.69	3.94	3.21
11⁄4″	18.27	9.57	5.91	8.55
11/2"	20.47	9.57	5.91	8.94
2"	21.53	9.57	5.91	9.04



Shut-Off Valve Table

RP Model	#1 Inlet Shut-Off Valve	#2 Outlet Shut-Off Valve
RP-501 Nylon Shut-Off Valve	40	0
RP-500 Bronze Shut-Off Valve Lead Free	400	00-





Materials

- Body	. Polyamide 6.50% Glass Reinforced Nylon
- Cover	Polyamide 6.50% Glass Reinforced Nylon
- Polymers	Noryl, NSF Listed
- Elastomers	EPDM, Buna N, Silicone
- Springs	Stainless Steel
- Valves	Nvlon Composite UV Mold in Place Ball Valve

	Dimensions Inch			Weight
RP-500	Α	В	С	Lbs.
Lead Free Bronze Shut-Off Valve				
1/2"	11.81	6.69	3.94	3.20
3/4"	12.40	6.69	3.94	3.20
1"	12.99	6.69	3.94	3.35
11/4"	18.50	9.57	5.91	11.68
11/2"	19.02	9.57	5.91	13.23
2"	20.28	9.57	5.91	14.07



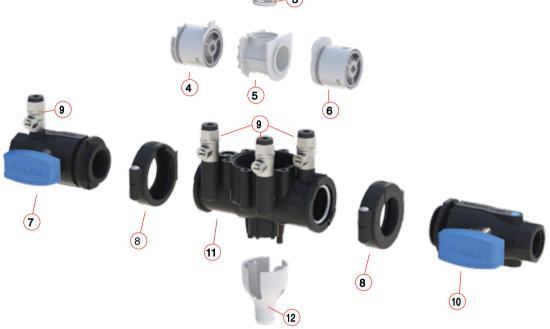
RP-501

Parts List & Description

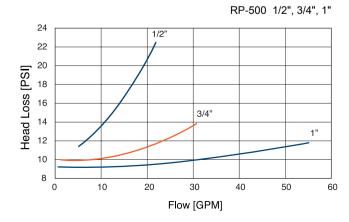
No. Part Description

- 1. Cover Assembly
- 2. Relief Valve Assembly
- 3. Relief Valve Spring
- 4. Inlet Check Valve Assembly #1
- 5. Retainer
- 6. Outlet Check Valve Assembly #2
- 7. Inlet Shut-Off Valve
- 8. Clamp Assembly
- 9. Test Cocks (#1, #2, #3, #4).
- 10. Outlet Shut-Off Valve
- 11. Body Assembly
- 12. Funnel

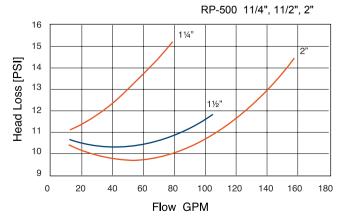




Pressure Loss



Pressure Loss



RP-501 / RP-500



Trouble Shooting Guide

Symptom	Cause	Corrective Action
Relief valve continuously discharges during no-flow conditions.	a. Check valve #2 clogged with debris.	a. Inspect and clean the seat and seal.
	b. Check valve #1 fouled with debris accompanied by a backpressure condition.	b. Inspect and clean the seat and seal.
2. Relief valves discharge continuously during flow and no-flow conditions.	a. Relief valve fouled with debris.	a. Inspect and clean relief valve seat disk and seat.
	b. Damaged diaphragm (allowing water to pass through, from inlet to zone).	b. Replace the relief valve kit.
	C. Sensing passage to inlet side of diaphragm plugged.	c. Inspect and clean passage in cover and body.
3. Relief valve discharges intermittently in a "spitting" action during no-flow condition.	Pressure fluctuations (water hammer) from supply.	Eliminate or reduce pressure fluctuations.
4. Relief valve does not open during field test no.1	a. Inlet Shut-off valve not closed completely.	a. Close the Inlet Shut-off valve or inspect for possible through leakage.
	b. Test equipment improperly installed.	b. Recheck test procedure.
5. Check valve #2 fails to hold backpressure.	a. Inlet Shut-off valve not closed completely.	a. Close the Inlet Shut-off valve or inspect for possible through leakage.
	b. Check valve #1 clogged with debris.	b. Inspect and clean the seat and seal.
6 . Pressure differential across check valve #2 is	a. Check valve #1 clogged with debris.	a. Inspect and clean the seat and seal.
low during field test no.3 a (does not meet 0.2 bar minimum)	b. Upstream pressure fluctuations causing inaccurate gauge reading.	b. Eliminiate pressure fluctuation.

